

2025 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
(Consumer Confidence Report)
BOIS D' ARC MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT

PWS ID NUMBER: TX0740044

PWS NAME: BOIS D' ARC MUD

Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, **2025**.

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

Bois D' Arc MUD provides Ground Water from the Woodbine Aquifer located in Fannin County.

For more information regarding this report Contact: Billy Stephens @ 903-227-1450

Este reporte incluye informacion importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en espanol, favor de llamar al telefono 903-227-1450.

Information about your Drinking Water

The Source of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, can pickup substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office.

You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Public Participation Opportunities

Date: Every third Friday of each month

Time: 9:00 am

Location: District Office, 14101 E FM 1396, Honey Grove, Texas 75446

Phone: 903-378-7361

To learn about future public meetings (concerning your drinking water), or to request to schedule one, please call us.

Information about Source Water

Bois D' Arc MUD provides ground water from the Woodbine Aquifer located in Fannin County.

Our water source(s) and source water assessment information are listed below:

Source Name		Type of Water	Report Status	Location
1 - CR 2750 / PS2	CR 2750 / PS2	Ground water	YES	https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/swat/0740044
2 - SH 56 / PS3	2 MI E OF BONHAM	Ground water	YES	https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/swat/0740044
3 - HWY 56 / CR 2925		Ground water	YES	https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/swat/0740044
4 - FM 1396 / CR 2670	FM 1396 / CR 2670	Ground water	YES	https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/swat/0740044
GW FORM CITY OF HONEY GROVE	I/C WITH TX0740003	Ground water	YES	https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/swat/0740003
GW FROM CITY OF DODD CITY	I/C WITH TX0740002	Ground water	YES	https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/swat/0740002
SW FROM CITY OF BONHAM	EMERGENCY I/C WITH TX0740001	Surface water	YES	https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/swat/0740001

TCEQ completed an assessment for your source water, and results indicate that our sources have a low susceptibility to contaminants. The sampling requirements for your water system is based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detections of these contaminants will be found in this Consumer Confidence Report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system contact Billy Stephens, 903-378-7361.

Water Quality Test Results

Definitions:	The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.
Action Level:	The concentration of a contaminant with, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Action Level Goal (ALG):	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.
Avg:	Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.
Level 1 Assessment:	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment:	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.
Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG:	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
MFL	million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)
mrem:	millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)
na:	not applicable
NTU	nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)
pCi/L	picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)
ppb:	micrograms per liter or parts per billion – or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water
ppm:	milligrams per liter or parts per million – or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water
ppq	parts per quadrillion, or pictograms per liter (pg/L)
ppt:	parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)
Treatment Technique or TT:	A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Bois D' Arc MUD – 0740044 – 2025 Lead and Copper

Lead and Copper	Period	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90 th Percentile: 90% of your water utility levels were less than	Range of Sample Results	# Sites over AL	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper, Free	2023	1.3	1.3	.17	0 – 0.209	0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; Corrosion of household plumbing systems
Lead	2023		15	0	0 – 5.56	0	ppm	

Bois D' Arc MUD – 0740044 – 2025 Water Quality Test Results

Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Sample Point	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	M C L	Unit s	Likely Source of Contamination
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)*	1740 E Hwy 56, Bonham	2025	4	4.1	0	60	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)*	966 CR 2415, Honey Grove	2025	7	6.9	0	60	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all HAA5 sample results collected at a location over a year.								
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	1740 E Hwy 56, Bonham	2025	22	21.9	0	80	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	966 CR 2415, Honey Grove	2025	32	32.1	0	80	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year.								
Regulated Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Level Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Likely Source of Contamination	
Barium	6/2/2025	0.0074	0.0033 - 0.0074	2	2	ppm	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits	
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	6/2/2025	12.2	4.22 – 12.2	0	0	UG/L		
Fluoride	6/2/2025	1.37	1.07 - 1.37	4	4	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories	
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	6/2/2025	0.0703	0.0633 - 0.0703	10	10	ppm	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits	
Nitrate-Nitrite	10/28/2020	0.0838	0 – 0.0838	10	10	ppm	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits	

Bois D' Arc MUD – 0740044 – 2025 - Disinfectant Residual

Disinfectant	Year	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	MRDL	MRDLG	Unit of Measure	Violation (Y/N)	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine (Free)	2025	2.08	1.0	3.0	4	4	mg/L	N	Water additive used to control microbes.

Bois D' Arc MUD – 0740044 – 2025 - UCMR5 Results

Contaminant	Result	Health Based Ref Conc (ug/L)	Collection Date	Facility ID	Facility Name	Sample Point ID	Sample Point Name
Lithium	21.9	10	1/13/2025	TP3824	Soans Creek Pump Station	EP003	Sloans Post Treat Tap
Lithium	28.5	10	1/13/2025	TP20638	Allens Chapel Pump Station	EP002	Allens Post Treat Tap
Lithium	25	10	1/13/2025	TP1280181	Carson Well & Elev. Tank	EP005	Ground leaching from Industrial manufacturing and mining.

Violations			
Public Notification Rule			
The Public Notification Rule helps to ensure that consumers will always know if there is a problem with their drinking water. These notices immediately alert consumers if there is a serious problem with their drinking water (e.g., a boil water emergency).			
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
None			

Lead Service Line Inventory

A service line inventory has been prepared and can be accessed in the offices of Bois D' Arc MUD.

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